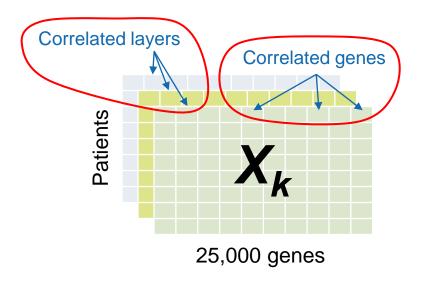


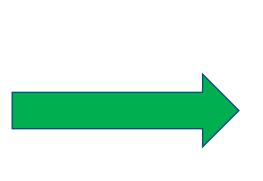
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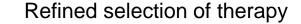
Machine Learning Approaches for Cancer Survival Prediction

Prof. Valentina Boeva ETH Zürich, Dept. of Computer Science, Institute for Machine Learning

Objective: Predict cancer survival and drug sensitivity from multi-omics data









Data specifics:

- Ultra-high dimensionality of input data & limited number of observations (profiled cancer patients)
- High collinearity between the covariates

Challenges:

- Model stability and interpretability
- Challenge of bringing a model to clinics (limited number of biomarkers)

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Objective: Predict cancer survival and drug sensitivity from multi-omics data

Biological prior



Our solution:

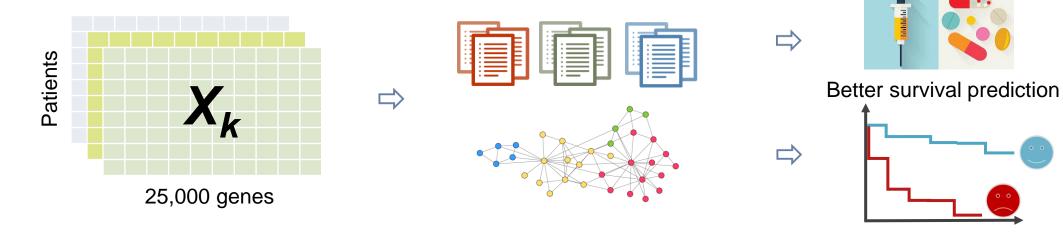
Integrate biological prior information



Refined selection of therapy

Objective: Predict cancer survival and drug sensitivity from multi-omics data

Biological prior



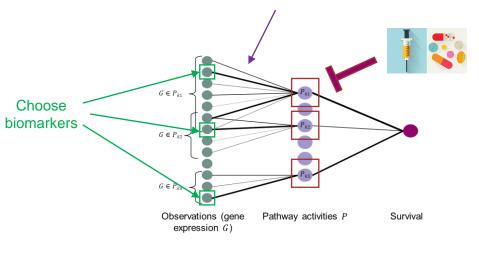
Our solution:

- Integrate biological prior information
- Extensive model regularization
 - E.g., with multi-task learning on several cancer types
 - Using side channel information

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Refined selection of therapy

Multi-task learning on several cancer types

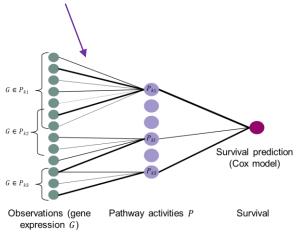


Similar weights for similar molecular pathways



Uveal melanoma





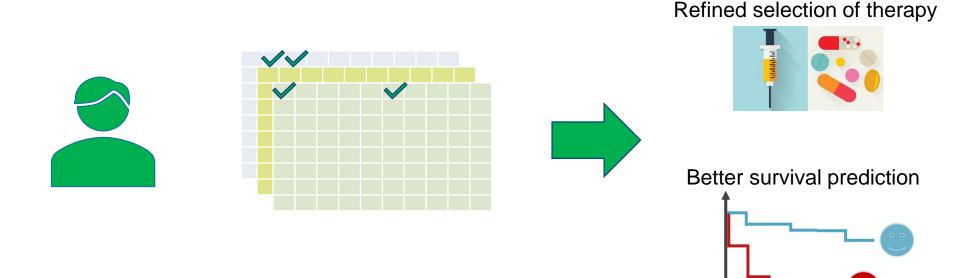
Skin melanoma



N = 331

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Final outcome: Survival and drug response biomarkers for precision medicine





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Thank you for your attention!

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